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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/615,262	07/09/2003	Ryuichi Morishita	Q75926	5695
23373 7590 06/13/2007 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			KELLY, ROBERT M	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTO	N. DC 20037		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1633	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			06/13/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/615,262	MORISHITA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Robert M. Kelly	1633				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 A</u>	oril 2007.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7-11</u> is/are pending in the application.		•				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) 7-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	raminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:		-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •					
application from the International Bureau	- -	A III III I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, ,,	ed.				
	•	•				
Attachment(c)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06) Office Ac	etion Summary Pa	rt of Paper No./Mail Date 20070531				

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's response and amendment of 4/2/07 are entered.

Claim 7 has been amended.

Claims 7-11 are presently pending and considered.

Specification

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it does not reflect the methods claimed, but instead discusses compositions. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 7-11 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-3 of U.S. Patent No. 6,936,594. Although the

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conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the

differences are that the present claims are not drawn to treating cerebral vascular disorders

(Claims 1-3 of 6,936,594) or injection into the subacrachnoid space (Claim 2 of 6,936,594).

However, the other patent claims are drawn to HVJ-liposomes, which are sendai viral vectors

fused to liposomes, and therefore are viral vectors which are modified, and also meet the

limitations of present claims 8-10.

It is noted for the record that the Examiner is at a loss as to whether HVJ-liposomes

should be classified as viral or non-viral, as they appear to be both, being a vector placed in a

liposome and fused with the viral vector envelope of a Sendai viral vector. Hence, the simple

distinguishing features of present claim 11 still appears to be encompassed.

However, the present patent teaches treating the cerebrum (e.g., p. 10, last paragraph),

which teaches brain and the objective site. And hence, the objective site of the brain

encompasses the subarachnoid space, as if such site is suffering from lack of circulation, it would

be the site to treat.

Hence, it would have been obvious to treat the brain for insufficient circulation given the

teachings and claims of 6,936,594, and the Artisan would have have been motivated to do so, as

the specification and claims of such patent teaches such treatments, with similar vectors.

Moreover, the Artisan would have had a reasonable expectation of success, as the patent teaches

such.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

In light of the amendment, the rejections of Claims 7-11 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention, are withdrawn.

Specifically, the claims are now encompassing complete methods.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112 – new matter

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

In light of the amendments, the rejections of Claims 7-11 under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement, are withdrawn.

Specifically, by now administering to the area affected, support is found in the specification at page 10, last paragraph, which states direct administration to the objective site, which is interpreted by the Artisan to be the site with insufficient circulation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 7-9 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 6,121,246 to Isner.

With regard to Claim 7, Isner teaches inducing new blood vessel formation in ischemic muscle tissue by direct injection of a DNA encoding, *inter alia*, hepatocyte growth factor, to thereby induce new blood vessel formation, and obtain substantial improvements in blood flow (e.g., Claims 1, 14, 16, and 29). Moreover, the purpose of these methods includes treating insufficiency of blood flow causing ischemia, which may be caused by *inter alia*, diffuse vascular peripheral disease (e.g., col. 2, paragraph 2).

With regard to Claim 8, 9, and 11, Isner teaches non-viral vectors, encapsulated in liposomes, as well as adenoviral vectors (e.g., col. 3, paragraph 2).

Conclusion

No Claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert M. Kelly, Art Unit 1633, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0729. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00am-5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Woitach can be reached on (571) 272-0739. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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